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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/808,078	03/24/2004	Mark Tsonton	END-5293	7086
27777 PHILIP S. JOH	7590 05/21/2007 FNSON		EXAMINER	
JOHNSON & .	JOHNSON		SMITH, FANGEMONIQUE A	
ONE JOHNSON & JOHNSON PLAZA NEW BRUNSWICK, NJ 08933-7003		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		,	3736	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/21/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/808,078	TSONTON ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Fangemonique Smith	3736	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- tiod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tutte, cause the application to become AB.	CATION.  Poply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ T 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	his action is non-final.  wance except for formal matte	• •	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	Irawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
Applicant may not request that any objection to t			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a light section.	ents have been received. ents have been received in Apriority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ol>		ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date	
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/31/06.</li> </ul>		formal Patent Application	

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## DETAILED ACTION

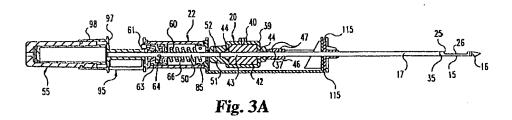
## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 5-10, 12-14 and 16-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Miller et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,758,824).

In regard to claims 1-3, 5-10 and 12-14, Miller et al. disclose a tissue cutting device having a distal segment and a proximal needle segment. Miller et al. suggest the proximal needle segment is formed of a metallic, non-magnet material (col. 6, lines 50-67; col. 7, lines 1-2). The distal needle segment of the Miller et al. device includes a tissue receiving port (43) and is made of non-metallic material to be compatible with magnetic resonance imaging systems (col. 8, lines 22-60). Miller et al. further disclose the proximal needle segment joined with the distal needle segment along a common longitudinal axis, forming a continuous cutter lumen.



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Miller et al. disclose the continuous lumen formed by the distal needle portion and the proximal needle portion creates a vacuum lumen and allows vacuum pressure to be maintained during use (col. 7; col. 8, lines 1-21). The lumen comprises at least one passage extending to an outer surface of the needle. The device disclosed by Miller et al. includes a distal piercing tip (16) located distally from the tissue receiving port. The distal piercing tip is made of a non-metallic material (col. 8, lines 22-45).

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In regard to claims 16-19, Miller et al. disclose a biopsy device for use with a magnetic resonance imaging machine. The device comprises a distal needle segment (50) as shown in Figure 3A. This distal needle segment has a lateral tissue receiving port (55) and is distal from the target site when the device is in operation. Miller et al. suggest the distal needle segment may be formed of a non-metallic material (col. 6, lines 50-67; col. 7, lines 1-2). The device disclosed by Miller et al. further includes a proximal needle segment (15), which is formed at least in part of a metal. The tissue receiving port is in communication with a distal cutter lumen portion. With the distal needle segment having a length of at least about 0.5 inches, the metal is spaced at least about 0.5 inches from the proximal edge of the tissue receiving port (col. 19, lines 15-26). Miller et al. disclose the distal needle segment being coupled to the proximal needle segment. Furthermore, the two coupled segments create a continuous lumen between the distal and proximal cutter portions of the device (col. 7; col. 8, lines 1-21).

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 4 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,758,824) in view of Humphrey (U.S. Patent Number 5,607,401). In regard to claims 4 and 20, Miller et al. disclose the features of the Applicant's invention as described above. Although Miller et al. disclose joining the distal needle segment with the proximal needle segment, Miller et al. do not disclose having the distal needle segment molded over a portion of the proximal needle segment. Humphrey discloses a piercing device for penetrating into a body cavity of a patient. Humphrey further discloses attaching two segments of the needle together through a molding process. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the Applicants' invention was made to modify a biopsy device for use with a magnetic resonance imaging machine, similar to that disclosed by Miller et al., to include a needle made of two segments joined through a molding process, similar to that disclosed by Humphrey, to construct a continuous device while providing a secure and sealed joint between the two members.
- 5. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,758,824) in view of Frederick et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,017,356).

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In regard to claim 11, Miller et al. disclose the features of the Applicant's invention as described above. Although Miller et al. suggest portions of the device be made of alternative materials, such as plastics or other non-metallic substances, to be compatible with magnetic resonance imaging systems, Miller et al. do not disclose having a piercing tip made of ceramics or glass material. Frederick et al. disclose a cutting device for penetrating into a body cavity of a patient. Frederick et al. further discloses the penetrating device being made of a ceramic material (col. 13, lines 28-57). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the Applicants' invention was made to modify a biopsy device for use with a magnetic resonance imaging machine, similar to that disclosed by Miller et al., to include a penetrating tip portion made of ceramic material, similar to that disclosed by Frederick et al., to construct the device of a biocompatible material, while maintaining the functionality of the device.

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6. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,758,824) in view of Gregoire et al. (U.S. Patent Number 5,944,673).

In regard to claim 15, Miller et al. disclose the features of the Applicant's invention as described above. Miller et al. do not disclose having multiple passages extending from the vacuum to an outer surface of the needle. Gregoire et al. disclose a biopsy instrument with a vacuum source and an outer elongated hollow piercing needle. The needle of the Gregoire et al. device further includes a plurality of tissue receiving ports. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the Applicants' invention was made to modify a biopsy device for use with a magnetic resonance imaging machine, similar to that disclosed by Miller et al., to include a multi-port needle, similar to that disclosed by Gregoire et al., to allow sampling of multiple tissue samples from a tissue site (Gregoire - col. 6, lines 17-39).

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## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Fangemonique Smith whose telephone number is 571-272-8160. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri 8am - 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Max Hindenburg can be reached on 571-272-4726. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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